Working with vulnerable adolescents at risk of child exploitation: A rights- and relationship-based approach

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The original problem: failing to see and hear young people	
'They didn't even ask me if I was OK or if it's OK to talk about it.'	
"If only someone had listened"	Victimhood not seen
'They talked about me like I wasn't even there. They were very harsh.'	Disclosures not believedFailure to protect
'They said we were putting ourselves at risk'	 Harmful sexual behaviours and drug involvement
'They made me feel like it was my fault.'	criminalisedFailure to engage and support YP
'Why was I sent away from home and not him?	(see Berelowitz et al., 2013)

















Into the mind of the young person: recognising agency and 'choice'

Sexual and criminal exploitation occurs where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child or young person under the age of 18 into sexual or criminal activity

- a) in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or
- b) for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator. The victim may have been sexually exploited even if the sexual activity appears consensual (see Department for Education, 2017/18).
- A constrained choice of their 'least worst option' (Hallett, 2017) among limited opportunities and support networks
 - Protection of gang, bed for the night, some money, pay for drugs, some affection
- Understanding their constrained and ambiguous agency different to CSA's clear perpetrator, grooming and power differential
- · Them choosing to leave situation is preferable









Concluding thoughts

- · Importance of involving YP as partners in their own protection
- The micro-encounter as a key space for change (Larkin, 2018).
- Relationship based practice, rooted in ethical, child-centred approaches, is essential to engaging young people's trust and co-operation (Lefevre et al, 2017).
- The organisation and system must provide the containment, (Ruch, 2012) to enable this:
 - Reflective supervision
 - Manageable workload
 - Emotional space and validation
 - □ A safe space for mutual learning and challenge surface disagreement
- Both/and is a threshold concept for this field requires safe challenge of self and others (Lefevre et al, 2018).
- Think about assessing risks and strengths in peer groups and contexts/locations, not just individuals and families https://www.contextualsafeguarding.org.uk/toolkit

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